

# The Daily Gazetteer.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6. 1738.

Nums. 991

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Yesterday arrived the Mail due from Holland.

Petersburg, Aug. 11. O. S.

We have received News, that two Days after the Action which happened on the 24th ult. near the Niefter, the Spahis and the Tartars, to the Number of 60,000 Men, attacked the Russian Army again, but after a very sharp Battle, were repulsed with great Loss. The Letters



that on the 27th ult. the Count de Munich took to the Banks of the Niefter, and that next Day began the necessary Dispositions for passing the River in Sight of the Turkish Army.

Aug. 19. O. S. This Day an Express arrived at Court from Hungary, who, 'tis said, has brought the disagreeable News, that the Garrison of Orsova, after having held out as long as possible against the Turkish Troops that besieged it, was forced on the 8th Instant to capitulate.

The Greeks who are settled in the Kingdom of Hungary, complaining of several Grievances which they suffer on account of their Religion, three of their Bishops are arrived here to solicit for the Redress of them; and they are vigorously seconded by the Court of Russia, who have formerly interceded in their Favour more than once. These Greeks have already 6000 Men in the Emperor's Service, offer to make them up 10,000, if his Imperial Majesty will grant their Demand. The Convention, of which the Emperor has taken a Body of Russian Troops in his Pay, is concluded for the Space of three Years.

Aug. 27. O. S. The following is the Substance of a Letter written from Vienna, about the taking of Orsova by the Turks.

The Bravery with which the Garrison of Orsova resisted the Attacks of the Turks, after they had the Siege of that Place, was a Foundation of Hope that they would be obliged to abandon the Enterprize; for the two Attacks which the Turks made upon it the latter End of July, were unsuccessful, that they lost above 4000 of their Men; which ill Fortune so disheartened the Forces employ'd in the Siege, that they refused to carry on. Upon this, the Bashaw who commanded them, and who had engaged to take the Place, or lose his Life in the Attempt, assembled the Janissaries, and promised them, that if they would make one Attack more, he would give them 100 Ducats a Man, and settle Pensions on them that would give them the Remainder of their Lives. The Janissaries, encouraged by these Promises, made another brisk Attack; during which, there was a great Fire from the Artillery and Small Arms; and at the same Instant the Bashaw caused a Mine to be sprung under Fort St. Elizabeth, which had so speedy an Effect, that the greatest part of the Fort blew up. The Janissaries, whose Attack was carried on with the utmost Fury, took the Works belonging to the Fort, and then proceeded to attack the Body of the Place. The Turkish Cannon which the Enemies Cannon had made in, together with the ill State of the Garrison, which was extremely weaken'd by Distempers, made the Officers judge that 'twas impossible for them to hold out any longer. The Count de Furstenberg, the Engineer, General de Beaufie, judged so, and consider'd that 'twas almost as impossible for them to receive any Succours; and after weighing these Reasons, the Commandant caused a Flag to be beat on the 5th of August O. S. and demanded to capitulate. We are not yet well inform'd of the Conditions he has obtained, but are assured they are very honourable.

Aug. 19. O. S. We heard Yesterday by Express from Hungary, that the Count de Furstenberg, the Engineer, General de Beaufie, being forced out of Orsova by virtue of the Capitulation, came to the Camp at Semendria to give an Account to the Velt Marshal de Konigsfegg, of the Circumstances which the Commandant of that Place was oblig'd to demand a Capitulation: And that the

Emperor's Army having passed the Danube, and encamp'd on the 8th Instant near Semendria, received Intelligence that the Grand Vizier was encamped with Part of the Turkish Army in the Neighbourhood of Nizza; upon which News, the Velt Marshal de Konigsfegg resolv'd to go and post himself on the other Side of the Morava, in order to be nearer at Hand to penetrate the Designs of the Grand Vizier; and the Army, 'tis not doubted, has by this time pass'd that River, in order to encamp at Passarowitz.

The Publick is very impatient to know whether any thing remarkable pass'd betwixt the Imperialists and the Turks Yesterday, because it was the Festival of the Decollation of St. John, a Day upon which we are assured that the Turks, if not attacked themselves, seldom or never fail of attacking those they are at War with. 'Tis also remark'd, that Prince Eugene was always very watchful of their Motions upon that Saint's Anniversary, and took Care to be in a Condition to repel their Attempts. It seems that a great Festival, enjoin'd by the Mahometan Law, expires upon this Day.

The last Advices from the Bannate of Temiswar say, that in the Number of Vagabonds who infest that Province, there are 400 Men clad in the Hungarian Habit, who are in the Pay of Prince Ragotski. We are inform'd too by some Deserters from the Enemy, that in their Army there's a great Number of Jews of all Ranks that are protected by the Grand Vizier, who is said to be of Jewish Extraction.

'Tis confirm'd, that this and the Russian Courts have reject'd the last Proposals made by the Ottoman Porte to serve as the Basis to a Negotiation; because the Porte insists on the Restitution of some Frontier Places. We are assured that the Bavarian Troops which enter into the Emperor's Service, will be deliver'd up To-morrow to the Care of an Imperial Commissary.

Warsaw, Aug. 19. O. S. Letters dated the 3d Instant from the Polish Camp at Winnica in Podolia say, that the Velt Marshal de Munich intended to pass the Niefter with his Army at a Place called Inharlick, but finding the Passage would be too difficult there, he march'd towards Raskow, a Place situate betwixt Bender and Choczim, where he hop'd to cross it with more Ease; and that the Body of Turkish Troops which was posted near Inharlick, when the Russians intended to have pass'd the Niefter there, directed its March towards Raskow, with a Design to be there before the Russian Army, and to hinder it from passing the River.

The Passage of the Turks and Tartars upon the Polish Territory, is observ'd to have been fatal in more Respects than one; for the Plague, which commonly attends their Armies, has spread into several Villages in Podolia, where it carries off great Numbers of People. Many die of it also in the Palatinate of Kaminiac; but the Inhabitants ascribe it to a Cause which is perfectly ridiculous; for they have a mighty Notion of the Power of the Vampyres, and being persuad'd that these Blood Suckers are the only Authors of the Mortality, they have such a tender Regard for all their deceased Relations and Friends, that they wont let them rest in their Graves, but take them out of the Ground, drive a Stake through their Hearts, and then cut off their Heads, as a sovereign Remedy against the Vampyres: But notwithstanding this Precaution, and the Repetition of it several Times, above 47 Persons have died in Kaminiac in the Space of three Weeks, who the Inhabitants protest were every Man of them suck'd to Death by those bloody Leaches the Vampyres. What is pretty singular is, that the Garrison of Kaminiac has been free from their Attacks, and that of all the Soldiers there is not one whom the Vampyres have molested.

P. S. 'Tis just now reported, that the Russian Army, during its March to pass the Niefter at Raskow, was attacked by a great Body of Turks, and by the Tartars under Command of the Sultan of Bialogrod, and that the Engagement was very smart. We hope to know the Truth of this News by the next Post.

## I R E L A N D.

Dublin, Aug. 29. Wednesday last died Mr. Stephen Green, an eminent Apothecary of this City:

As did also of a Fever, at his Father's House in Back-Lane, Mr. William Coates, jun. the hopeful Son of Mr. William Coates, a considerable Merchant of this City.

And last Friday died at his House in Jervis-street, Richard Helfham, M. D. Professor of Physick and Natural Philosophy in our University; a Gentleman as eminent for his great Worth in private Life, as for his great Excellence in his Profession. It was imagin'd that his Disorder proceeded from a Twisting of the Guts, and he took Quicksilver, but it was ineffectual: So that knowing he could not long survive the ill Effects of his Malady, he order'd, that after he was dead, his Body might be open'd for the Benefit of Mankind; which being done, there was found an Excrecence in one of his Guts of three Pieces of Flesh, the smallest as large as a Hen's Egg, and resembling the Flesh of a Liver. He has left 300 l. to Madam Stevens's Hospital: And on Saturday Night he was privately, but decently interred at St. Mary's Church; as was Mr. Green above-mentioned, the Night before at St. Andrew's Church.

## FOREIGN PORTS.

Elfenour, Sept. 6. N. S. My last was of the 2d Instant, since the following Matters have arriv'd, viz. On the 3d Instant Edward Nairn, from Petersburg for London; John Kenner, from ditto for Leith; Robert Brown, from Enfler for Dantzick: On the 4th, Francis Cockerill, from St. Martin's for Copenhagen; Patrick Ouchterlony, from Riga for Montreuil; Robert Abbot, from Riga for London; James Thompson, from Petersburg for ditto; Thomas Winter, from Dantzick for Dumfries; John Wilkinson, from London for Stockholm; Ezekiel Vass, from Koningsburg for Topsham; Isaac Deacon, from London; John Harrison, from Hull; Thomas Harvey, from Newcastle for Petersburg: On the 5th, John Spink, and William Allison, from Riga for Montreuil; Isaac Smithies, from Petersburg for London; Joseph Raven, from Riga for Oporto; Thomas Collet, from Dantzick for Hull; Thomas Hood, and Samuel Marjoram, from Riga; Stephen Reed, from Stockholm; Richard Paramore, from Necopen; Michael Beilby, from Riga, all for London: On the 6th, George Stevenson, from Riga for Newcastle; Benjamin Hill, from Stockholm for Hull; Robert Fowler, from Petersburg for Stockton; Jonathan Slade, for Liverpool; William Clark, for Lynn, both from Stockholm; Neils Thompson, and Michael Butler, from Dantzick for Dublin; Alexander Ferguson, from Riga for Dumfries; and John Richmond, from Narva for London.

The outward bound are sail'd with the Wind at S. E. which continues: There are more Ships in Sight coming down from the Baltick; but the Post is going; their Names in my next.

Amsterdam, Sept. 10. N. S. In the Texel is arriv'd the Ship of Thomas Willey, from Topsham; and that of Thomas Walker, from Stockholm.

## HOME PORTS.

Dublin, Aug. 25. On the 19th arriv'd the Phoenix, Allen, from Antigua; the Pelican, Miller, from Drontheim: On the 20th, the Ellis, French, from the Groyne: On the 23d, the John, Talbot, from ditto; the Francis and Elizabeth, Service, from Drontheim: On the 25th, the Appleby, Gibson, from Whitehaven for Virginia. Sail'd this Day the Three Friends, Ivory, for the Streights.

Portsmouth, Sept. 1. Since my last came in the St. Ann, Arneson, from Norway; and the Louisa, Tonnison, from Christiansan. Came to Spithead his Majesty's Ship the Elizabeth, Capt. Faulkingham, from the Downs. Sail'd from Spithead on a Cruise, his Majesty's Ship the Portland, Capt. Slaughter. Also sail'd from the Harbour his Majesty's Sloop the Hound, Capt. Dilks, to Spithead: where is arriv'd from the River the Terrible Bomb, Capt. Mitchel.

At Spithead are the Amelia, Lenox, Kent, Elizabeth, Sunderland, Portmahon, Hound and Terrible. Wind W.

Dover, Sept. 4. Arriv'd the Elizabeth and Margaret, Chambers, from North Carolina.

Deal, Sept. 4. Wind N. W. Yesterday in the Afternoon sail'd all the outward bound; also the Terrible Bomb; with the Expedition, Major; the Elizabeth, Pain; and the Grove, Pearson, all three Transports for Portsmouth; and now come down



and failed thro', the Dispatch, Finny, for Barbados; the Lilly, Townsend, for Oporto; the Marmaduke, Bowman, for Lisbon; the Charity, Collins, for Dublin; the Betty, Lamb, for Cork. Arrived the Dorsetshire, Whiting, from Virginia; and the Rousby, Johnson, from Maryland. Remain the Prince of Orange, and the Augusta Men of War.

*Gravesend, Sept. 4.* Passed by the Duke of Kingston, Merriton, from Bologne; and the Torrington, Simpson, from Rotterdam.

#### L O N D O N.

We have Advice from Hanover, that the Regency of that Electorate are going to publish an Edict for taking the necessary Precautions against the spreading of the Contagious Distemper that rages on the Frontiers of Hungary.

We hear that M. Carpentery is appointed Envoy Extraordinary to this Court from the Duke of Modena, in the room of Abbot Paretti, who lately died in France.

Last Night the Corpse of Sir Thomas Stevens, Bart. was brought from Eltham in Kent, and interred in great Funeral Pomp and Solemnity, in the Church of St. Mary Magdalen Bermondsey.

The Person who was lately brought home in Irons in one of the India Ships, for killing one of the Crew in a Quarrel in China, was carried Yesterday to the Marshalsea Prison, Southwark, in order to be tried before a High Court of Admiralty.

Sir William Thomson, Kt. Recorder of this City, and one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, who has been dangerously ill, is now on the mending hand.

Yesterday Morning David Andrews, of Alferton near Derby, Esq; was married at Queen Square Chapel to Mrs. Mildmay, Relict of John Mildmay, of Hadwick in the County of Derby, Esq;

Yesterday Morning died aged 46, at his Lodgings at St. Mary le Bone, Capt. Campden, Captain of a Company in the Regiment of Foot lately commanded by Lieutenant General Dormer.

#### BANKRUPTS.

Peter Gregory, of Sun Yard in Bishopsgate-street, London, Dealer and Chapman.

Thomas Ives, of the Town of Northampton, in the County of Northampton, Draper.

| High Water this Day | Morning | Evening |
|---------------------|---------|---------|
| at London Bridge.   | 04 17   | 04 35   |

Bank Stock 144, 143 3-4ths. India 171, 170 1-half. South Sea 101 1-half, 3 8ths. Old Annuity 112, 111 7-8ths. New ditto 110, 109 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 105 1-4th. 7 per Cent. Loan 110 1-4th, 3-8ths. 5 per Cent. ditto 100 1-8th, 100. Royal Assurance 107 1-half. London Assurance 14 5-8ths, 3-4ths. African 14. India Bonds 61. 12s. Prem. South Sea ditto 21. 4s. Premium. Bank Circulation 31. 17s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallow 1-half to 2 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 5s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 5 1-half per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 1 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 120.

General Post Office, Aug. 27, 1738.

**WHEREAS** the Post Poy carrying the North Mail from London, was set upon and robbed by a single Person on foot, this Morning between the Hours of Two and Three, on this Side Kingsland, near London.

The Post Master General thinks proper to make it publickly known, that whoever shall apprehend the Person who committed this Robbery, will, upon Conviction, be intitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, besides the Reward by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Accomplice in the said Robbery shall make a Discovery of the Person who committed the Fact, such Accomplice will be intitled to the said Reward of Two hundred Pounds, and also have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Order of the Post Master General

John Jesse, Cl.

The Person who committed this Robbery, is described to be a middle-sized Man, had on a light colour'd close-bodied Coat, with close Sleeves, and a full Bob Wig, pretty tight, and a Paper Mask over his Face; he carried intirely off the Five following Bags, viz. Hertford, Peterborough, Horncastle, Louth and Boston, and likewise took the greatest Part of the Letters out of the Enfield, Ware, St. Ives, and Royton Bags.

N. B. There were likewise two Men at a small Distance from him, supposed to be his Accomplices.

**THE** Commissioners of Sewers for Cleansing the River Thames, from Eskerope Mill in the County of Bucks, to Dorchester in the County of Oxford, intend to hold a Court of Sewers on the 17th of October next, at Mr. Green's the White Hart Inn at Whately, in the said County of Oxford.

If any Person or Persons are willing to undertake the Cleansing the said River, or any Part thereof, will then bring Proposals in Writing, how and in what Manner, and at what Expence they will do the same, the Commissioners will treat with them.

Admiralty-Office, 8 August, 1738.

**HIS** Majesty having been graciously pleased by his Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, dated the Tenth of June, 1733, to establish certain Rules and Orders for the better Government of the Charity for the Relief of poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy: These are to give Notice to all such Widows, whose Husbands died on or since the 30th of August, 1732, that Copies of the said Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, and also with the Clerks of the Chèque at Deptford and Woolwich, and the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale, where they may be inform'd of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose: But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above mentioned, may apply by Letter to Thomas Corbett, Esq; at the Admiralty-Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And the Governors of the said Charity intending to distribute some Relief to the Widows of such Sea Officers who died before the 30th of August, 1732, and whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment, these are to give Notice of the same to all such Widows, that they may procure the proper Certificates and Affidavits, and send or bring them hither. And the Court of Assistants do hereby give Notice, that they will meet at this Office on Tuesday the 19th of September next, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning, to receive the Claims of such Widows as shall be qualified according to the said Rules and Orders.

To be Lett or Sold,

At Darking in Surry, and enter'd upon immediately, **THE RED LYON INN**, oppoosite to the Market-place. Enquire of Mr. Henry Parkhurst, at the Net and Cherry-Tree in Fleet-street; or of Mr. Robinson in Darking aforefield.

This Day is published,

[ Price One Shilling ]

**THE IMMINENT DANGER OF THE AUSTRIAN NETHERLANDS FALLING INTO THE HANDS OF FRANCE,** AND THE Fatal Consequences thereof to GREAT BRITAIN, CONSIDER'D. By the AUTHOR of *The History of the Succession to JULIERS and BERG*

Without the Paces I have made towards a War, there is nothing so certain as that all Flanders would have been absolutely lost that Campaign. And I believe you would give much greater Sums than this will cost you, rather than the single Town of Offend should be in the French Hands, and 40 of their Men of War in so good a Haven over against the River's Mouth.

K. Charles II's Speech to his Parliament, Anno 1678. Printed for J. Roberts, near the Oxford Arms in Warwick-Lane.

Where may be had,

The History of the Succession to the Duchies of Juliers and Berg.

Giving an Account,

I. Of the Broils and Wars occasioned on the Score of the said Succession, on the Demise of the last Sovereign of Juliers and Berg in the Year 1609: In which Wars the principal Powers of Europe were necessarily engaged, either for Them-selves or their Allies.

II. Of the present Situation of Affairs, with regard to the Eventual Succession to those Duchies, on the Extinction of the Palatine Family, by the Demise of the Elector, the present Sovereign: Of the Importance of the Countries in Contest: The Claims of the several Pretenders: The Views of the Mediating Powers; and whatever else relates to this rich Succession.

The Whole accompanied with Political Remarks, and two Tables, discovering at one View the Grounds of the Pretensions of the several Claimants; together with a new and exact Map of the Countries, made on the Spot, representing their important Situation with regard to the Neighbouring Countries of France, the United Provinces, &c.

**This Day is Published,**  
[ Price Three Shillings bound ]  
**FORTY** Letters concerning Religion essential to Man, as it is distinct from the merely an Accession to it. In Two Parts. Amongst many other curious Articles treated of in this are the following, viz.

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| Of Reveald Religion.   | Of the Motives which determine us to make |
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WARRINGTON'S Divine Legation of the monstrated. Page 395.

**CONSUMPTIONS of all Sorts, ASTHMA's, and all Disorders of the Breast and Lungs, Directly and infallibly cured by the CHYMICAL ELIXIR,**

**WHICH** has restored so many Thousands labouring under the deepest Consumptions, most deplorable Asthma's to perfect Health and Strength in few Days Time, after all other the most celebrated Remedies and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once strikes at, and absolutely eradicates the Cause or Cause of Consumptions, whether of the Lung or any other Kind, as also of Asthma's, or Shortness of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Joints, the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from obstrueting Viscosities, and does more real Good in less than any other Medicine whatever can in ten.

It assuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduced to a Skeleton; and immediately cures the most tedious and almost suffocating Coughs, Hoarseness, Wheezing, Shortness of Breath, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain, or Weight in the Breast, Spitting of Blood, Soreness of the Stomach, or Windpipe: Also Catarrhs, or Disfluxions of the Lungs, and all Pustular and Asthmatic Effects. Heatedness, Night Sweats, and Diarrhoea's, or Loose Stools, in a safe and most agreeable Manner.

It is balsamick, healing and strengthening beyond comparison, restores in all inward Weakness, and of Constitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs, or in any other internal Part, causes free and easy Motion or long Breathing, and speedily and infallibly cures ASTHMA's, and all Sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, and ever so bad, without the least Disorder, Trouble or Interruption, and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be depended upon for the entire Cure of these Maladies.

Nor can the whole *Materia Medica* afford a quicker certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds, but the Character of this most noble Chymical ELIXIR is to gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of Consumptions and ASTHMA's, &c. has occasioned many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right, which was had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyshop, at the Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, 3s. 6d. a Bottle with Directions, and at no other Place in England.

**An immediate and never-failing Cure of Deafness, Thickness of Hearing, or Pain in the Ears, &c.**

**BY** a noble Chymical Preparation, most excellent Medicine for this Purpose that is known, far exceeding all things ever yet published. Use of it; its Virtues are beyond Expression, and truly known but by Experience: Words cannot do its just Praise.

It is a certain, and, as it were, an instant Cure for the Thickness of Hearing, Noise or Pain in the Ears, from Cause soever, or of ever so long standing, having cured Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and all Ages, that in a manner totally deaf, after all other Means and Remedies external and internal, by Advice, and also by Pills, have failed, with the greatest Ease and Safety, and to the utmost Satisfaction and Wonder; for,

In a peculiar Manner it strengthens, fixes, and opens the Drum of the Ear, which by being dried, or otherwise often the first, and chief Cause of every Complaint of Hearing, or of Noise, or Pain in the Ears, &c. To which, this noble Medicine is a true Specific, that perfectly to cure all possibly curable Cases, after all other Means and Medicine have utterly failed, which is more can be said of any other Thing in the whole World of itself: Any Cold in the Head, or any Heat by Matter in the Ears, it instantly cures.

It is sold for 3s. 6d. each Bottle, by the Author's Appointment, at Mr. Richards's Tinshop, the Sign of the Black Horse and Star, in Fleet-street, near Fleet-bridge, and no where else in England.

**L O N D O N** Printed for T. COOPER, at the Globe in Paternoster-Row.